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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Agent File No.: 13621-7us PTN/df

In re application of:

Miguel CASTELLOTE

For: HOLLOW DECORATIVE FASTENER FOR OPENINGS
DEFINED IN SHELL OF BATHTUB PROVIDED WITH AN AIR
MASSAGE SYSTEM

Filed: October 29, 2003

Serial No.: 10/694,911

Examiner: Unknown

Group Art Unit: Unknown

SUBMITTAL OF PRIORITY DOCUMENT

Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450
U.S.A.

Sir:

Applicant hereby submits a certified copy of Canadian Patent Application No. 2,410,110, filed October 29, 2002, the priority document for the above-mentioned patent application.

Respectfully submitted,
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the Patent Office.

Specification and Drawings, as originally filed, with Application for Patent Serial No:
2,410,110, on October 29, 2002, by C.G.AIR SYSTÈMES INC., assignee of Miguel
Castellote, for "Hollow Decorative Fastener for Openings Defined in Shell of Bathtub
Provided with an Air-Massage System"


Tracy Belliss
Agent certificateur/Certifying Officer

October 28, 2003

Date

Canada

(CIPO 68)
04-09-02

O P I C  C I P O

ABSTRACT

A fastener for use in air massage systems used
5 with a bathtub that includes a shell having at least two
layers with at least one hole being defined through the
shell. The fastener, for instance in the form of a rivet,
comprises a hollow body adapted to extend through the
hole in the shell and a securing mechanism provided for
10 anchoring the fastener in the hole and for retaining
together the layers of the shell. The securing mechanism
can comprise enlarged distal and proximal elements
provided at opposed ends of the hollow body and adapted
to be disposed against inner visible and outer hidden
15 surfaces of the shell. The proximal element includes a
decorative head adapted to at least partly overlie the
visible surface of the shell.

HOLLOW DECORATIVE FASTENER FOR OPENINGS DEFINED IN SHELL
OF BATHTUB PROVIDED WITH AN AIR MASSAGE SYSTEM

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5. 1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to bathtub air massage systems and, more particularly, to such systems having hidden air jets and/or channel-type air delivery means.

10. 2. Description of the Prior Art

The Channel system, e.g. as in the Ultra™ bathtub, consists in surrounding a bathtub with a fibreglass air cavity. Thirty to ninety holes of more or less 1/8" in diameter are defined through the bathtub.

15. Air is propelled in the cavity by a blower and then escapes through each hole to create turbulence in the water.

Also known from Canadian Application No. 2,356,494 (in the name of C.G. Air Systèmes Inc.) is an 20. air massage system wherein upstream of the holes defined in the shell of the bathtub (i.e. behind this shell), hidden air jets are provided to deliver pressurised air through the holes and into the bathtub's cavity. These air jets are connected to a blower via tubing that is 25. also hidden.

Such holes defined in the shell of the bathtub may define slightly sharp edges and are not necessarily very aesthetic.

30. SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is therefore an aim of the present invention to provide a decorative member for lining holes defined in the shell of a bathtub provided with an air massage system.

It is a further aim of the present invention to provide such a decorative member that also acts as a fastener to hold together the various layers forming the shell.

5

Therefore, in accordance with the present invention, there is provided a fastener for use in air massage systems used with a bathtub having a shell having at least two layers, at least one hole being defined through the shell, comprising a hollow body adapted to extend through said hole and securing means provided for anchoring said fastener in the hole and for retaining together the layers of the shell.

Also in accordance with the present invention, there is provided a decorative device for use in air massage systems used with a bathtub having a shell and at least one hole defined through the shell, comprising a hollow body adapted to extend through said hole and a decorative member provided at a visible end of the decorative device.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS
Having thus generally described the nature of the invention, reference will now be made to the accompanying drawings, showing by way of illustration a preferred embodiment thereof, and in which:

Fig. 1 is a vertical cross-sectional view of a bottom corner section of a bathtub provided with an air massage system and showing a hollow decorative fastener in accordance with the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a perspective view of the bathtub provided with the air massage system; and

Figs. 3a to 3d are cross-sectional views showing successive steps in the installation of the

hollow decorative fastener into a hole defined in the shell of the bathtub.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

5 Referring to Fig. 2, a bathtub B is shown provided with an air massage system S. The bathtub B includes a shell 10 that defines an inner cavity within which water can be received in a well known manner.

10 The air massage system S includes a blower 12 (which may enclose a heating element), a flexible or rigid main piping 14 connecting the blower 12 to a manifold 16, and a series of rigid or flexible branch pipes 18 that connect the manifold 16 to downstream air jets 20 that are concealingly mounted behind the shell 15 10. A number of holes 22 are defined through the shell 10 of the bathtub B with an air jet 20 being sealingly mounted to a hidden surface of the shell 10 of the bathtub B opposite each hole 22. The air massage system S may also include a sequencer and an electronic controller 20 (not shown).

As seen in Fig. 1, a channel 24 can be provided on the sides of the bathtub B with air from the blower 12 being directed into the channel 24 and through further holes 26 defined in the shell 10 opposite the channel 24.

25 Each hidden air jet 20 is illustrated mounted against the hidden outer surface of the shell 10 of the bathtub B and to a fitting 28, such as an elbow (herein shown) or a Tee. The air jet 20 includes a jet body 30 that comprises an exteriorly threaded hollow tube 32 and 30 an end flange 34. A unidirectional flow mechanism is provided within the hollow tube and can take the form of any water non-return device.

The elbow fitting 28 comprises an interiorly tapped hollow tube 36. A flange 38 is provided at a 35 distal outlet of the tapped hollow tube 36. The flange 38

defines an annular groove 40 upon which rests an annular seal 42. A proximal inlet 44 of the fitting 28 extends laterally from the tapped hollow tube 36, and comprises a number of successive and parallel exterior annular wedges 5 46 for a sealed connection to a branch pipe 18.

Air is blown through the flexible branch pipe 18 and enters the hidden air jet 20 by the inlet 44. It fills the tapped hollow tube 36 and builds sufficient pressure to open and flow through the unidirectional flow 10 mechanism. Then, it exits in the bathtub B through the holes 22 and creates a turbulence in the water filling the bathtub B.

Air blown into the channel 24 is conveyed through holes 26 defined along the channel 24 which 15 extends peripherally around a bottom corner of the bathtub B. A variation of the Channel-type bathtub replaces the channel 24 by a cavity substantially extending along the hidden outer surface of the shell of the bathtub, thereby defining a plenum which in fact 20 extends across the complete bottom of the bathtub and also possibly behind the side wall thereof. Similarly, the plenum conveys air through holes such as holes 26.

It is possible for air jets 20 to be mounted in the channel 24 or the plenum of the bathtub, in a bonded 25 manner to the hidden outer surface of the shell 10 of the bathtub B, whereby it is possible to remove the flexible pipes 18 and the elbow fittings 28, with the hidden air jets 20 being simply fed with pressurised air contained in the channel 24 or plenum while still preventing the 30 infiltration of bathtub water in the channel 24.

In all of the above embodiments, the air massaging system S is completely hidden by way of the use of the air jets 20 (and channel 24), which only leaves the holes 22 (and 26) of this air massaging system S to 35 be visible.

The unidirectional flow mechanism provided in the air jet 20 allows for the free release of air in the bathtub B. Once the air pressure in the flexible pipes 18 is reduced, upon the end of operation of the system S for example, the unidirectional flow mechanism closes, thereby preventing the bathtub water from entering in the flexible pipes 18 and so causing, e.g. by its stagnation, a contamination of the flexible pipes 18 and of the remaining piping network of the air massage system S. As air is the sole fluid in contact with the flexible pipes and with the piping network of the air massage system, the hidden air jet ensures a high hygiene level.

The unidirectional flow mechanism may have different configurations. It can be a check valve with a spring-loaded piston and/or one (or more) spring-loaded plastic, stainless steel, glass or rubber ball, with a rubber flap or flaps from another material, a magnetic valve, a flexible diaphragm, a combination of the above enumeration and/or any other unidirectional flow mechanism to ensure the water-tightness of the air jet J.

Also, the elbow fitting 28 can be replaced by a Tee fitting, or other. This configuration increases the flow of incoming air through the inlet of the hidden air jet 20, and consequently, the turbulence in the bathtub B.

It is noted that the shell 10 of the bathtub B, as seen in Fig. 1, comprises two composite layers, i.e. an inner visible layer 48 (for instance made of acrylic) and an underlying outer hidden layer 50 (for instance made of fibre glass).

In accordance with the present invention, there is provided a hollow decorative fastener F (see Fig. 1), generally in the form of a rivet. The fastener F is engaged in each of the holes 22 and 26 and accomplishes the following functions. First, it retains both the shell

layers 48 and 50 together. Second, it conceals any sharp edge defined at the outlet of any of the holes 22 and 26, that is where the holes 22 and 26 open up into the inside cavity formed by the shell. This prevents a user located 5 in the bathtub B from being possibly scratched, or other, by the visible edges of the holes 22 and 26. Finally, the fastener F provides an aesthetic finish around the holes 22 and 26 within the bathing cavity of the bathtub B.

More particularly, the fastener F, when 10 installed as in Fig. 1, includes a tubular member 52, a decorative hollow head 54 at the downstream visible end thereof, and an enlarged upstream hidden end 56, wherein the head 54 and the enlarged end 56 (best seen in Fig. 3d) retain the shell layers 48 and 50 in a contacting 15 laminate relation thereby eliminating the possibility that a space is formed between the shell layers 48 and 50 adjacent the holes 22 and 26. To achieve this final position, the fastener F is deformed in a rivet-like way, as explained in more detail hereinafter.

20 The fastener F can be made of corrosion-proof metals, that can be polished, sanded, painted, plated or chemically treated to increase its finish, its mechanical properties, its resistance to corrosion, etc.

The fastener F can also be made of composite or 25 plastic materials that can be deformed to compress the composite shell layers 48 and 50 in the same manner as the metallic fastener. Such a non-metallic fastener can be installed by heating, adhesion, welding, ultrasound, pressure fit, etc. The non-metallic fastener can also be 30 polished, sanded, painted, plated or chemically treated to increase its finish, its mechanical properties, its resistance to corrosion, etc.

The fastener F is used on bathtubs such as the bathtub B illustrated in Fig. 2, which is provided with a 35 bottom or side air injection system. The fastener f is

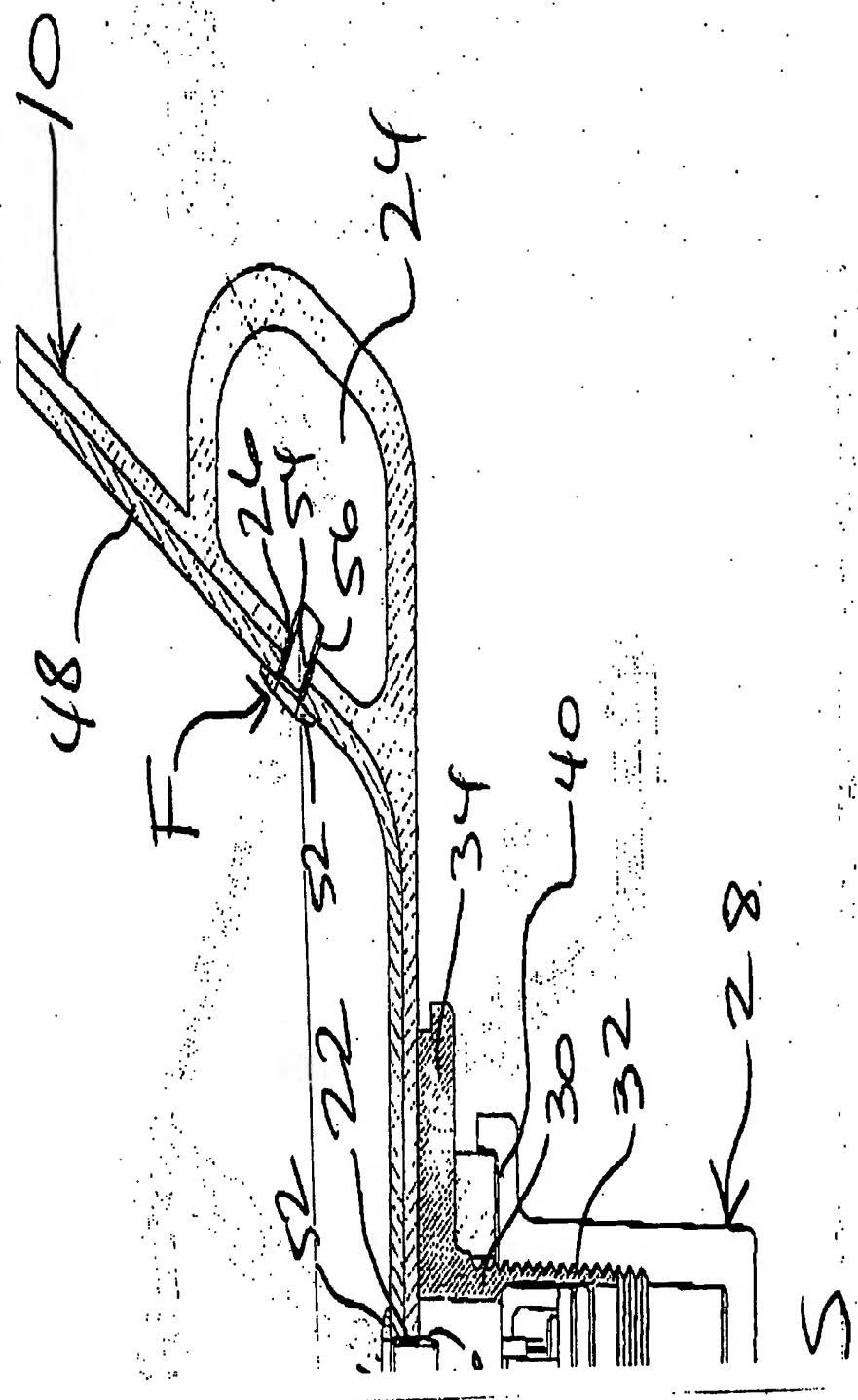
used to solidify and/or beautify the holes 22 and 26 defined through the various juxtaposed composite layers 48 and 50 that form the shell 10 of the bathtub B. The fastener F provides a superior finish that prevents sharp edges defined on the upper layer 48 and around the holes 22 and 26 from injuring the user, and also improves the look in the bathtub B at these holes 22 and 26 by offering various finishes and colors.

As seen sequentially in Figs. 3a to 3d, the fastener F is installed in the holes 22 and 26 as follows. The fastener in its initial shape seen in Fig. 3a is mounted around a cylindrical carrier 58 of a tool T that includes an enlarged flared end 60 distally of the carrier 58. The tool T and the fastener F carried thereby are then inserted through the hole 22/26, along arrows 62 in Fig. 3a, until they reach the position shown in Fig. 3b. The tool T is then withdrawn from the hole 22/26, i.e. along arrows 64 in Fig. 3c, whereby the enlarged end 60 of the tool T causes via its flare 66 causes the enlarged end 56 of the fastener F to deform (i.e. flatten while further enlarging). As seen in Fig. 3d, the tool T is completely removed from the hole 22/26 and from the fastener F, with the latter being in its final installed position where it compresses the layers 48 and 50 of the shell 10 to thus avoid a possible delamination thereof and to avoid water infiltration in the shell 10 that could cause water leaks.

The tool T can be manually operated, pneumatic, electric, or actuated using any other form of energy.

CLAIMS:

1. A fastener for use in air massage systems used with a bathtub having a shell having at least two layers, at least one hole being defined through the shell; comprising a hollow body adapted to extend through said hole and securing means provided for anchoring said fastener in the hole and for retaining together the layers of the shell.
- 10 2. The fastener as defined in claim 1, wherein said securing means comprise enlarged distal and proximal elements provided at opposed ends of said hollow body and adapted to be disposed against inner visible and outer hidden surfaces of the shell.
- 15 3. The fastener as defined in claim 2, wherein said proximal element includes a decorative head at least partly overlying the visible surface of the shell.
- 20 4. A decorative device for use in air massage systems used with a bathtub having a shell and at least one hole defined through the shell, comprising a hollow body adapted to extend through said hole and a decorative member provided at a visible end of the decorative device.



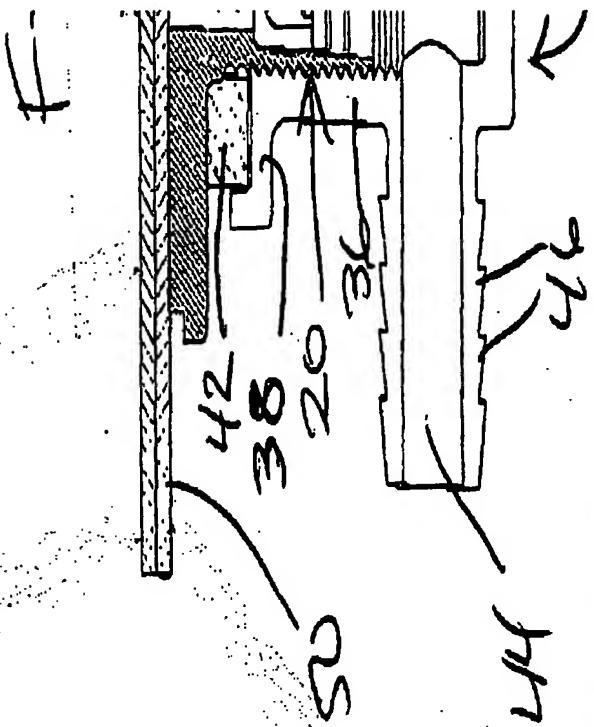
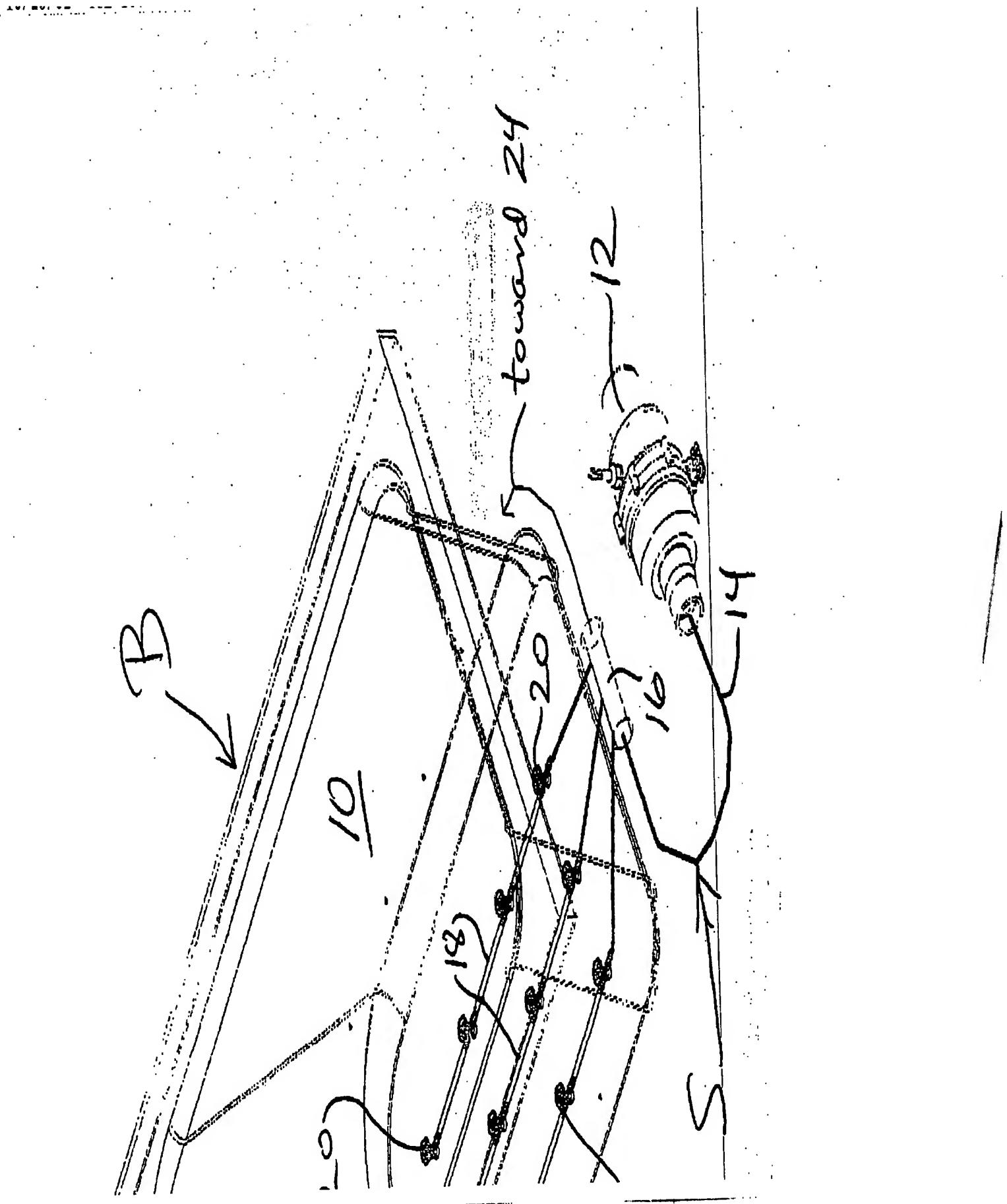


FIG. 1



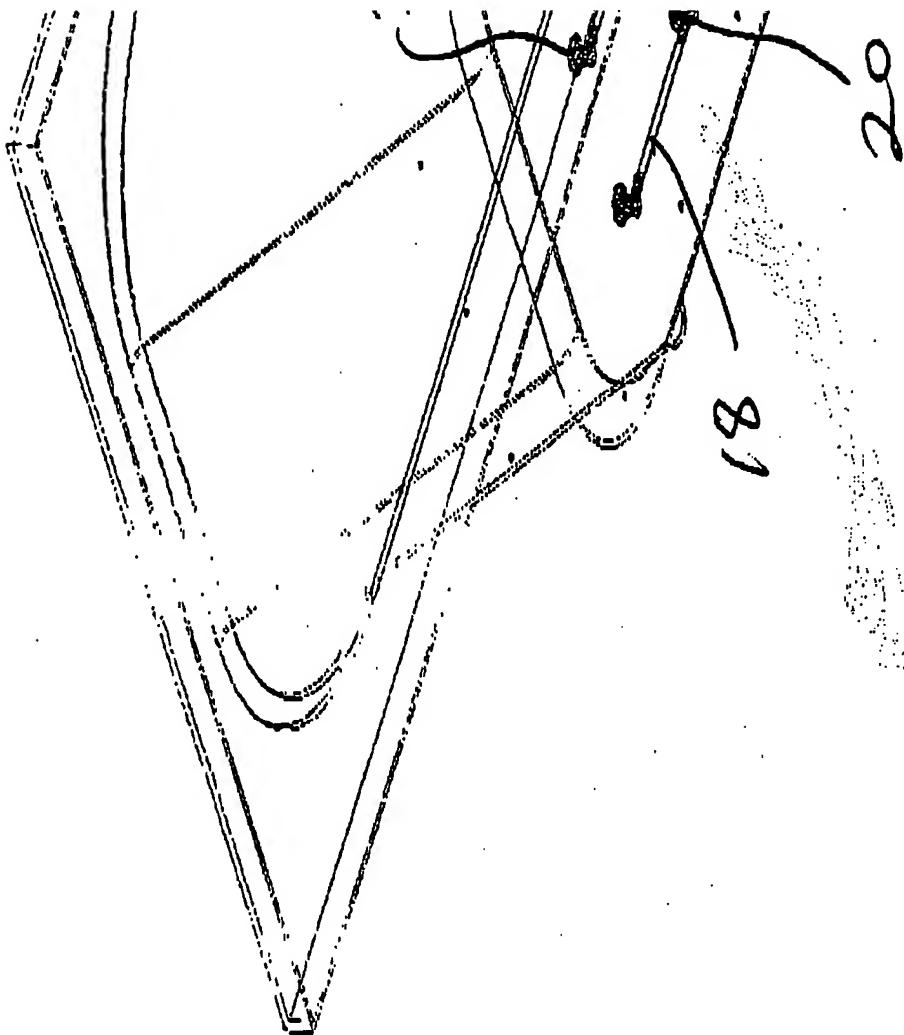


FIG. 2

